

Growth by the Numbers – Funding the Business

	<i>Internal Cash Flow</i> <i>Sales</i>	<i>External Cash Flow</i> <i>Liabilities</i>	<i>External Cash Flow</i> <i>Equity</i>
<i>Sources</i>	Generated from sales within your business	Borrowed money from creditors	Invested money from owners
<i>Pros</i>	<p>The most sustainable form of cash flow</p> <p>Does not require any form of payback</p> <p>Internal cash flow can only come from healthy, well managed companies</p>	<p>Can be a good way to quickly grow a company</p> <p>Allows the owner to leverage their business (get more for less)</p> <p>Some liabilities don't have interest expense (vendor credit, interest free loans)</p>	<p>Can be an inexpensive way to start a business</p> <p>In addition to money, equity investors can bring expertise to the business</p> <p>Can be less formal or easier to structure a deal</p>
<i>Cons</i>	<p>Can limit growth of the business</p> <p>Can make a business less competitive</p> <p>Is difficult to get started, especially for product based businesses</p>	<p>Debt is expensive early on in the business</p> <p>Too much debt can ruin a company</p> <p>Can be difficult to acquire for startup businesses</p> <p>Requires owners to put up collateral and use their personal credit</p>	<p>Equity is expensive later on in the business</p> <p>Requires the owner to give up a portion of ownership</p> <p>Equity can hide a poorly managed company</p> <p>Owners can easily put too much in equity</p>